

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The baby King of Spain is the thirteenth of his name. His mother feels nervous about him.

The oldest member of the French Legion of Honor is a soldier ninety-nine years old, the last survivor of the battle of Trafalgar.

A DINGY old coin taken recently for a twenty-five-cent piece at a drug store in Henderson, Ky., proved to be a Roman gold coin of the date of 1388.

ANDREW CARNEGIE has authorized the officials of the Cambria Iron Company to draw on him for funds to rebuild the Johnstown Public Library building, which was destroyed by the flood.

A GREAT influx of immigrants is expected in February, and the railroads are already arranging for the division of the labor of carrying the newly-arrived hordes to their new homes in the West.

THE recently-formed order of United American Mechanics in 1890 will begin a crusade against the Hungarian coal miners and laborers in Connellsville, Pa., with the intention of ousting them from that region.

THERE are three Roman Catholic and eight Protestant missions in the Connetquot territory. They support twenty-eight stations and ninety-five missionaries. The Protestant missions are supported by Americans, English and Swedes.

THIS is the age of discovery. In the back of an old looking-glass a deed is found which will make the owner the proprietor of a big slice of the State of New York. And now two hundred letters written by the mother of Goethe to her son have come to light in a library at Weimar.

To show the capacity of his stomach a visitor at the Neverson Fire House at Reading, Pa., a few days ago ate a mixture composed of a pound of figs, fifty raw oysters and a pound of sugar, and topped off the mess with a pound of lard. He said on a wager he would eat a box of wagon grease, but the spectators would let him go no further.

DURING the recent floods in Japan 2,419 persons were killed and 155 were wounded; 90,000 were deprived of the necessities of life; 50,000 houses were swept away or rendered uninhabitable; 150,000 acres of agricultural land, with their crops, were laid waste; 6,000 bridges were carried away, and hundreds of miles of roads were destroyed.

POOR old Dom Pedro's grief at the bedside of the dead Empress shows that he found the loss of his Empire easier to bear than the loss of his wife. "I have experienced the most bitter trial," he is reported as saying, "that God could inflict upon me. Her faithful and affectionate companionship has sustained me for forty-six years. God's will be done." The bereaved ex-monarch will have the sympathy of the world in his affliction.

A NEW style of Enoch Arden has made his appearance in Connecticut. His name is John Linck, and when he returned Christmas Eve after a long absence to find his wife happily married, instead of wandering away again to die of a broken heart he played the part of Santa Claus, congratulated the woman and loaded the whole family with Christmas presents. This may not be quite as sentimental as Tennyson's story, but it is more in keeping with American character, and just as healthy in its moral tone.

IT is a little singular, with all our mutual benefactor societies, that a mutual dowry society was never established. Imagine the effect upon the matrimonial market of a thousand young women devoting ten cents a week, a fixed percentage to be given to those who are married within the year. The anxious and aimless could not then become a drug in the market. Something of the kind is in vogue in Europe, where it is stipulated that a beneficiary must have been a member of the society for five years before reaping a dot.

FOR a long time "No Man's Land" has been a refuge for ruffians who were afforded security there from the popular idea that it was outside the jurisdiction of any of the adjoining States. The fallacy of this opinion was recently exposed by a Texan judge, who pointed out that "No Man's Land" was clearly within the jurisdiction of the Paris (Tex.) court. Since then there has been an exodus of distinguished desperadoes into Oklahoma, and their track to the latter place is marked by crime and outrage of every description.

AN American lady who recently visited Count Tolstoy, the great Russian novelist, complains that he is not quite consistent in practicing what he preaches. He holds that there is something degrading in the mere handling of money and property, and accordingly delegates to the Countess the control of the household and the entire management of his pecuniary affairs. She observed, however, that he has a luxuriously-furnished study, and horses, carriages and servants at his command—although they are his wife's. On the whole the great man would appear to have been rather a disappointment.

THERE were altogether about three hundred distinct epidemics of influenza in Europe between 1810, when the disease was first noted at Malta, and 1859. In 1729 the whole of Europe suffered severely. According to statistics published the disease caused 998 deaths in London in one week, and in Vienna 60,000 persons were affected. In 1737 and 1743 there were further outbreaks, and the deaths in one week in London amounted to 1,000. In 1775 domestic animals were first attacked by it. In 1782 40,000 persons fell ill of it in St. Petersburg in twenty-four hours. In St. Petersburg quinine is now served out daily.

A COLORED woman employed as a domestic in the family of a farmer in Cooper County, Kan., not until a few days ago discovered that she is not a slave. The farmer took her into the State from the South before the war. She was then a slave and nothing regarding the results of the war or the emancipation proclamation was ever told her. On the death of the farmer a few weeks ago she removed to another place, where for the first time she learned that she enjoys the boon of freedom. It seems like an almost incredible story, but the farmer had never heard of the emancipation proclamation.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS. TUESDAY, JAN. 7.—Senator Morgan addressed the Senate in favor of the bill providing for the emigration of colored people from the South. A bill was introduced to provide for a world's exposition at the National Capital in 1892. In the House the rules were discussed at length, and a bill was introduced providing for a pension of \$75 per month to disabled soldiers requiring the aid of an attendant, and another bill giving dependent soldiers a pension not to exceed \$15 nor less than six dollars per month, according to disability.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 8.—In the Senate the time was occupied by Mr. Voorhees upon the resolutions offered by him in relation to the alleged interference by Mr. Chambers, the United States District Attorney at Indianapolis, to prevent the arrest of W. W. Dudley on a charge of violating the election law of Indiana, and by Mr. Edmunds in reply. In the House a bill was introduced providing that the terms of members of Congress shall begin January 1. Adjourned until the 10th.

THURSDAY, JAN. 9.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate a communication from Attorney-General Miller in which he states that no instructions, oral or written, have been given to District Attorney S. N. Chambers, of Indianapolis, on the subject of the arrest of W. W. Dudley. Several bills of minor importance were reported and numerous appointments were confirmed. The House was not in session.

FRIDAY, JAN. 10.—The Senate was not in session. In the House resolutions were passed eulogizing the career of the late Judge Kelley and an adjournment was taken as a mark of respect to his memory.

FROM WASHINGTON. On the evening of the 7th the President and Mrs. Harrison gave their first state dinner to the Vice-President, members of the Cabinet, leading Senators and their ladies at the White House.

THERE were 460,516 unadjudicated and pending claims on file in the Pension Office on the 5th.

WILLIAM D. KELLEY (Rep.) died in Washington on the 9th aged seventy-six years. He was serving his sixteenth consecutive term in Congress from the Fourth Pennsylvania district, being first elected in 1860, and ranked as the greatest advocate of protection in the Nation's councils.

IN the United States there were 334 business failures during the seven days ended on the 10th, against 322 the previous seven days.

THE EAST. FIRE destroyed the city building at Lewiston, Me., on the 7th. Loss, \$300,000. On the 7th the Glamorgan Iron Company of Philadelphia failed for \$280,000. LAST year 49,956 men were convicted in New York State of various crimes and 5,534 women.

THE Legislature of New York convened at Albany on the 7th. NO FREIGHT trains, except those transporting perishable freight, will hereafter be run on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad on Sunday.

ON the 7th Mrs. Hannah B. Southworth, who shot and killed Stephen L. Pettus last November, died in her cell in the Tombs prison in New York.

AT Pawtucket, R. I., Mrs. Elizabeth Eaton Larned celebrated her one hundredth birthday on the 7th.

THE death of Edward G. Lapham, who in 1851 was elected the United States Senator to succeed Roscoe Conkling, occurred in Canandaigua, N. Y., on the 8th, aged seventy-six years.

IN Brooklyn, N. Y., the wall of a church was blown down during a gale on the 9th, and it crushed a small house adjoining, killing David Purdy and his sister Mary, and badly injuring four other persons.

AFTER a lover's quarrel on the 9th William Torres, of Philadelphia, fatally shot Belle Carter and then shot himself.

E. W. NICHOLS died on the 10th at Springfield, Mass. He was sheriff of the Union prisoners at Andersonville, and helped to hang the ten men convicted by the prisoners' court-martial of stealing their scanty supply of rations.

HOBBS, GLIDDEN & Co., dealers in building materials at Boston, failed on the 10th for \$150,000.

THE coke operators of Connellsville, Pa., during 1889 marketed 3,925,000 tons of coke, valued at \$8,150,000.

FIFTEEN horses shipped from Pennsylvania to Newark, N. J., were found suffocated on the 10th when they arrived at their destination.

THE remains of two men and that of a woman—victims of the great flood—were found at Johnstown, Pa., on the 10th.

WEST AND SOUTH. ON the 8th the National Jackson Club was organized at Nashville, Tenn., with A. D. McClure, of Pennsylvania, as president.

AT Elko, Nev., spirit thermometers registered 50 degrees below zero on the 8th.

ON the 8th George L. Woods, who was Governor of Utah in 1871, died at Portland, Ore.

FLAMES destroyed the Western Union Telegraph Company's building at St. Louis on the 8th. Loss, \$100,000.

FOR participating in the Sullivan-Kilrain fight William Muldoon, W. E. Harding, Mike Cleary and Mike Donovan were arrested at New York on the 8th and held for extradition to Mississippi.

IN Indiana the Patoka river had overflowed its banks on the 8th, and a track of country twenty miles long by three to four miles wide in the vicinity of Jasper was inundated.

IN Oklahoma and at Fort Worth, Tex., labor agents were on the 8th said to be desirous of obtaining colored men from South Carolina, and were offering facilities for the organization of colonies.

DURING the last six months of 1889 the disbursements from the pension office for the Milwaukee district, which includes Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, were \$3,075,161.95, against \$2,540,460.01 for the last six months of 1888.

NEAR Poplar Bluff, Mo., on the 9th the Cane creek overflowed its banks and nearly a hundred families were forced to abandon their homes—and over one thousand acres of corn in the shock were destroyed.

THE fast mail train on the Union Pacific was wrecked near Sidney, Neb., on the 9th by a broken rail, and the cars caught fire and the two mail cars and the baggage-cars were burned.

DEMOCRATS in the Ohio Legislature on the 9th nominated Calvin G. Brice for United States Senator.

FEDERALIST GASTING, living near Winamac, Ind., as the result of a feud shot and killed Charles Kuryart on the 9th and then took his own life. Both were farmers.

IN Southern Illinois many farms were on the 9th almost submerged with water, the result of a long-continued rain-fall.

ON the 9th a caisson of the new bridge near Louisville, Ky., gave way, crushing to death fourteen workmen.

IOWA Prohibitionists held a State Temperance convention in Des Moines on the 9th which was largely attended, and a series of resolutions indorsing the prohibitory law and demanding its re-enactment were adopted.

THE attorneys filed their bill of errors on the 10th in motion for a new trial. THOMAS HENDERSON's house at Webster Springs, Va., was burned on the 10th and Mr. Henderson and two children were cremated.

THE report of the National Woman's Temperance Union for 1889, made public on the 10th, shows a membership of 143,348, a gain of 3,821 over the previous year.

ON the 10th J. C. Parish, forty-two years of age, was hanged at Raleigh, N. C., for criminal assault upon his own daughter. He died protesting his innocence.

THREE children of J. W. Brayden, living near Donaldsonville, La., died on the 10th from taking strychnine by mistake for quinine.

ON the 10th John and Pole French, arrested at London, Ky., for murder committed in Virginia seventeen years ago, were identified as the guilty parties and taken to Virginia.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. CHINA advices of the 7th report the loss of the American ship Chesapeake with sixteen lives.

SEXTANTINES burned the exchange at Brussels, one of the finest structures in Europe, on the 7th. Loss, 5,000,000 francs.

THE death of the Dowager Empress Augusta, of Germany, widow of the late Kaiser William, occurred at Berlin on the 7th from a severe attack of influenza.

AT Nanking, China, hundreds of people were drowned by a recent water-spout and numerous boats were destroyed and great damage was done.

ADVICES of the 8th from Prof. S. W. Burnham, chief of the eclipse expedition sent from Lick Observatory to South America, announced that the observation of the eclipse of the sun on December 22 was entirely successful.

WHILE skating on the 8th at Lubek, Germany, eight persons were drowned. THE death of the 9th from the curator of the Museum of Egyptian Antiquities at Boulak announced that the tomb in which Cleopatra was buried had been discovered.

OWING to the stormy weather the steamer Iowa from Boston which arrived in Liverpool on the 9th lost 519 out of 925 head of cattle on the trip.

THE total sugar crop of Cuba for 1889 was 487,344 tons; for 1888, 649,305 tons. Local consumption in 1889, 45,000 tons.

MRS. GORMAN and her two children perished in a fire on the 10th at Montreal, Can.

AT Lyons, France, the Pilas silk factory was destroyed by fire on the 10th. Loss, 600,000 francs.

ON the 10th the steamer Daburg, of Flensburg, Germany, was given up as lost. She had on board twenty-two Europeans and 400 Chinese, and it was supposed that she foundered during a typhoon.

LATER. MEMORIAL SERVICES over the remains of the late Congressman Kelley, of Pennsylvania, were held in the hall of the House of Representatives at Washington on the 11th with the members of both houses in attendance.

A STORM on the 13th at Sardis, Miss., wrecked two churches and several stores and residences.

THE mercury in Canada on the 11th ranged from 39 degrees to 53 degrees below zero, and railway travel was delayed by snow.

MRS. I. E. PAGE, the wife of a well-known citizen of Ingersoll, Tex., on the 11th gave birth to four girl babies, and the quartette were strong and healthy.

A FIRE on the 11th in the stables of Macey Brothers, at Versailles, Ky., destroyed thirty-five out of thirty-eight horses, among them one recently sold at auction for \$51,000. The entire loss was \$550,000.

FLAMES destroyed a business block in Miami, Ind., on the 11th. Loss, \$100,000.

FOURTEEN KILLED.

Terrible Accident at the New Bridge Between Louisville, Ky., and Jeffersonville, Ind.—A Drunken Foreman Responsible.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 10.—The most appalling accident known here in many years occurred Thursday evening about 6 o'clock, fourteen lives being lost. Following is a list of the killed: William E. Haynes, John Knox, James McAdams, Frank Mahan, Pat Taylor, Thomas Ash, Monroe Bowling, Charles Chiles, Thomas Morris, Thomas Smith, Frank Souper and Robert Tyler. The disaster was caused by the giving away of caisson No. 1 on the new bridge now being constructed between Louisville and Jeffersonville. The caisson was located about 100 yards from the Kentucky shore.

As the workmen of the pumping station were looking for the men in the caisson to put off in their boats, leaving work for the night, they suddenly saw the low, dark structure disappear in dashing white waves, and heard, before they could realize what had happened, the roar of the furious maelstrom. A runner was dispatched to the lifesaving station, and three skiffs were manned and pulled to the police station and a squad was sent to the ground to aid in the work of recovery. The coroner was called and went with a corps of physicians.

The site of the bridge is at the upper end of the city, just below Tow Head Island. Within an hour from the disappearance of the caisson 3,000 people were on the shore and strained their eyes trying to see something of the wreck. Dozens of boats were plying about over the spot where the caisson had stood, and lights danced to and fro with them, but there was no trace of the massive structure of stone and timber. It was soon known that only four of the eighteen men who were at work at that time had escaped.

The last man out of the caisson was Frank Haddix. He was barely saved by Murray, who dragged him from where he was caught, waist deep, in the quicksand. Taylor says he stood near the iron ladder by which they got in and out of the caisson. He heard a rumbling, and there was a rush of air almost at the same instant. He jumped up the rungs of the ladder, followed by the other men. They had hardly got clear of the caisson when the water burst through the man-hole in a surge, knocking them all into the river, where they were picked up. Haddix says he saw Ham Morris, who was climbing next below himself, swiftly drawn under by the sand, and heard his cries for help, but could do nothing.

The caisson was about forty feet by twenty and built of timbers twelve inches square. It was protected by a cofferdam, but the river is high and the pressure of the water great. At 1 a. m. the outer chamber of the caisson was reached and three bodies were found. All of the men in the caisson proper are known to be dead.

The engineer's theory of the accident, which is partially supported by facts obtained from the workmen who escaped, is that the foreman, who, it is alleged, had been drinking, while attempting to reduce the air pressure turned the valve of the supply pipe too far and the pressure on the interior of the caisson became so low that the caisson settled in the mud of its own weight, at the same time admitting the water.

BRICE WINS. Only Two Ballots Required in the Ohio Democratic Legislative Caucus to Nominate Him for the Senate.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 10.—Calvin S. Brice took the Senatorial prize in the Democratic Legislative caucus Thursday night on the second ballot. The caucus was called to order at 7:40 p. m. by Senator Howell, chairman of the caucus. The caucus consisted of the members of the House and Senator Perry N. Adams, of Tiffin, was selected permanent chairman. Nominating speeches were limited to five minutes each. A roll-call showed seventy-three of the seventy-seven members present.

The names of Calvin S. Brice, Charles W. Baker, John A. McMahon, John H. Thomas, James E. Neal, Samuel F. Hunt and George I. Seney were placed before the caucus as candidates for the United States Senate to succeed Senator Payne. The first ballot resulted: Brice, 3; Thomas, 1; McMahon, 1; Baker, 6; Hunt, 2; Neal, 2; Seney, 1; Mcweeney, 4; Gooden, 2; Outwater, 1.

After the second call of the roll had begun Senator Corcoran withdrew the name of Hunt and was about to make a speech, when he was closed out under the rules and voted for Brice. Changes were rapid after this and the second ballot resulted: Brice, 3; Thomas, 3; McMahon, 1; Baker, 1; Seney, 2; Outwater, 1.

Monot, on behalf of Mr. Thomas, moved that the nomination be made unanimous, which was agreed to with a whirl and much enthusiasm. Colonel Brice was brought to the caucus by a committee and the caucus converted itself into a ratification meeting. Mr. Brice, being introduced, spoke briefly, returning his thanks for the honor conferred upon him. He was loudly cheered on taking his seat.

The Republican caucus will in all probability nominate ex-Governor Foster.

FLOODS IN MISSOURI. Recent Heavy Rains Cause the Streams to Overflow, and Farmers Lose Much—Bridges Washed Away.

POPULAR BLUFF, Mo., Jan. 10.—Reports of damage done by the recent floods are coming in daily. Thousands of bushels of corn still in the shock have been swept away, and many fine farms in the Cane creek bottoms are covered with driftwood. Every bridge in this county over that stream has been swept away and this is the first day since the flood that the stream has been fordable. Much stock and thousands of rails are reported lost.

Hog Cholera in Illinois. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 10.—Hog cholera is prevailing in an alarming extent in different parts of McLean county. John Thompson, living near Randolph, has lost thirty-two head, and W. P. Riggs, living near Farmer City, has lost thirty.

Big Fire at Indianapolis. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 10.—At 3 o'clock a. m. a fire broke out in the West Indianapolis honny mill and at 4 o'clock the immense building, covering a quarter of an acre, was a mass of ruins. The mill was one of the finest in the country. Loss, \$76,000; insurance, \$40,000.

A Mathematician Passes Away. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Prof. J. H. C. Coffin, U. S. N., a distinguished mathematician, died Wednesday night at his residence. The deceased was in his 70th year, and for some time past has been feeble.

Senator Wilson Renominated. ANAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 10.—In the Democratic caucus Senator Wilson was renominated by acclamation to succeed himself as United States Senator.

DEATH OF JUDGE KELLEY.

The Venerable Pennsylvania Statesman, Known as the "Father of the House," Dies at Washington—A Sketch of His Remarkable Career.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—William D. Kelley, the father of the House of Representatives, so called because he was the longest in continuous service of all the members, the champion of protection, passed peacefully to his last rest at 6:30 o'clock Thursday night. For the last forty-eight hours he had been delirious, with brief intervals of consciousness. For twelve or fifteen hours previous to his death he seemed to be entirely unconscious and did not recognize any member of his family or any of his attendants. When Dr. Stanton, his physician, called upon him about 1 o'clock and took his pulse the judge opened his eyes and a flash of recognition seemed to appear in his face, but he did not speak, and that was the only



WILLIAM D. KELLEY.

glimpse of intelligence that he showed. His death was perfectly peaceful, without a shudder. The family was sitting in an adjoining room. The doctor arrived for his evening visit about the time he breathed his last, but before he had fairly entered the room the soul of the old veteran had passed away. His death has been expected almost daily, as has been announced from time to time in these dispatches, for more than a week, and when he took his bed before the Christmas holidays he said himself that he should never leave it.

For the last six years he has been suffering from a cancer similar to that with which Grant was afflicted, and was caused, he often thought, by excessive smoking some years ago. A few friends in Philadelphia purchased him passage tickets to Europe and induced him to go over there to consult eminent medical authority. As a result an operation was performed, which gave temporary relief, but perhaps lengthened his life two or three years. The disease became more serious during the last summer and caused him much inconvenience and suffering, so that he spoke with difficulty and suffered a serious strain upon his nervous system, but the immediate cause of his death was a complication of catarrh of the stomach and dysentery.

The funeral will take place in the Hall of Representatives on Saturday, when the remains will be taken to the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Horsemann, in Philadelphia, and on Sunday a second service will probably be held at the Unitarian church at the corner of 2nd and Chestnut streets, to be conducted by Rev. Dr. Furness, who married him and was his lifelong friend. Judge Kelley was a Unitarian in his religious convictions and a regular attendant upon All Souls' church in this city.

William Kelley was born in Philadelphia April 12, 1814. His grandfather, John Kelley, served as an officer in the revolutionary war. Having lost his father at an early age he apprenticed to a bookbinder in Boston. In 1830 he returned to Philadelphia and began the study of law, and a year later was admitted to the bar. While serving his apprenticeship he acquired a reputation as a writer and speaker, and after finishing the practice of his profession, he devoted much time to literary pursuits. He was elected Attorney-General of Pennsylvania in 1845, and later made judge of the common pleas of Philadelphia. In 1860 he was a delegate to the National Republican convention, and in the same year was elected to Congress, where he served until 1867. He was a member of numerous committees of the House and chairman of some of the most important committees, notably the committee on ways and means.

He was a sturdy opponent of the Franking privilege and never voted for any appropriation that would affect his own personal interests to the extent of a penny. Judge Kelley had been in public life so long for nearly half a century, and with nothing but his salary to live upon, that he accumulated no property whatever, and his pecuniary circumstances to-day are about what they were in 1830. He was scrupulously honest, and his name is a household word, and his name is a household word, and his name is a household word.

He was a man of rare qualities. His attachment to his friends was so strong that he could forgive almost any thing in them, while his great heart knew no enemies and recognized in his opponents only men whose lives were lost. A number of dwellings are in ruins. The Baptist church is entirely demolished, and the Methodist Episcopal church, a frame building, unroofed and turned clear around on its foundations.

Both Were Killed. NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A scaffold on which John O'Reilly and Richard Conover, carpenters, were at work at the city hall building at Scotch's Plains, N. J., gave way Thursday and the two men fell sixty feet, receiving injuries from which they died.

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WIND'S WILD WORK.

A Cyclone Sweeps Over St. Louis and Neighboring Towns—Four Persons Killed and Several Wounded in the Missouri Metropolis—Great Destruction of Property.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13.—At 4:30 Sunday afternoon a cyclone struck the southwestern section of the city and swept westward to the northern limits, making a pathway nearly a quarter of a mile wide and leaving death and desolation in its track. In addition to dozens of dwellings and stores in the southern, central and northern sections of the city more or less damaged, the Anchor mill, Goodwin's furniture factory, Shop Kingsland & Ferguson's farm-implement works, Missouri Pacific Hotel, Hodgson School, German Evangelical Church, Second Presbyterian Church, and others yet to be heard from. It was also reported that another section of the Academy of Music, which had been leveled by the storm, but this is now denied.

The losses on property are roughly estimated at \$100,000, but will likely prove more. The list of killed reported up to 9:30 p. m. comprise the following persons: Mrs. Maggie Connors, aged 60; Bernard McConnell, aged 40; Joe Weaver, aged 9; Willie Marks, aged 5. The latter resided with his parents in the northern part of the city. He was in bed sick with a fever. The storm blew the roof off the Marks home and bricks came crashing into the room, resulting in the death of the boy from sheer fright.

It is just reported that a number of passenger cars were blown from the Mill Creek valley, the western outlet of the Union depot yards. The injured so far as known number five. The cyclone seemed to have entered the city in its full force at Twenty-third street and Chouteau avenue, passing northeast until it reached Seventeenth and Olive streets, where it swerved, taking a direct easterly course to Fourteenth, and then again turned to the northeast, leaving the city and striking the river just north of Tyler street.

Mrs. Charles Miller, who resides with her husband at Twentieth and Olive streets, was sitting in a rocking chair with her babe in her arms when the roof was lifted from her room. She rushed to the window, and just then the wall gave way and Mrs. Miller and her babe miraculously escaped without a scratch, but the mother is badly hurt and may not recover. Mr. Miller was in another part of the house and escaped unhurt.

An attempt to estimate the financial loss caused by the cyclone is almost useless at the present time, but it is said the total will come into a magnitude that will cause the day to be a memorable one. A man named John Charles was hurled from a wagon, which was overturned and thrown across the street and against the front of a house. Charles received severe injuries about the head. Mrs. Cahmann, living at 2614 Caroline, had her arm injured by being struck by a heavy piece of flying debris. The house was badly damaged by the wind. A residence on Papin street just east of Jefferson avenue, had the entire roof blown away and the side wall dashed in. Mr. Breen's residence on the northeast corner of Twenty-first and Randolph lost its roof and suffered other damages. No. 2908 Rutgers street, occupied by William Bernd, had the roof blown off. The George Elman's Hops & Malt Company's plant, Twenty-first street and Scott avenue, had the elevator and part of the elevator roof totally destroyed. House 2232 Gratiot street was badly wrecked. Houses 2212 to 2220 Gratiot street, owned by the Walters estate, one of them occupied by John Walters, had the chimneys, firewalls and roofs blown away. Residence 2300 Papin street had the roof taken off. House 2108 Adams street, owned by William Grace and occupied by Mrs. Addis, was almost completely wrecked. The dead walls of the old Harrison vine-mills at Twenty-third and Chouteau avenues were blown down and filled the vacant lot of an entire block with the debris. The roof and walls of 249 South Twenty-first street were blown away. The telegraph and telephone wires were badly knocked off by the cyclone. The Western Union and Postal have been at their wits' end with but half a dozen wires between them, while 700 of the telephone wires of the city are down.

A messenger just arrived from the east side of the river says that the storm in St. Clair County, Ill., was unusually severe and that the cry of "Good Lord save us" was heard frequently outside of the church walls. Brooklyn, a village of about 500 people, seems to have suffered most. The damage at East St. Louis and Venice was largely confined to railroad property and small dwellings and telegraph and telephone poles. Brooklyn is about three miles north of East St. Louis. Its population is largely composed of colored people. At 8 p. m. it was reported in East Louis that the little village had been swept off the face of the earth. It proves not quite so bad as that, though had enough, and though several were injured, no lives were lost. A number of dwellings are in ruins. The Baptist church is entirely demolished, and the Methodist Episcopal church, a frame building, unroofed and turned clear around on its foundations.

Valuable Horses Burned. VERSAILLES, Ky., Jan. 13.—Bell Boy, the famous 5-year-old stallion, was burned at Macey Bros.' stables Saturday morning during a fire that destroyed the entire establishment and forty horses quartered there. Bell Boy, the most valuable, belonged to J. Clarke, who bought him at auction some months ago for \$51,000 and since then refused \$102,000 for him.

The stable cost \$9,000 and was insured for \$5,000. Four thousand dollars' worth of feed, vehicles and harness on which there was no insurance was also lost. The entire loss is estimated at \$53,000.

LA GRIPPE'S TERRORS.

They Are Being Fully Realized in Chicago—An Increased Death-Rate—Undertakers Unable to Furnish Hearses to Carry Away the Dead—The Disease Abating in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Sunday's mortality report for the twenty-four hours ended at noon was 190. Thirty-five were deaths in hospitals, fifty-six were due to pneumonia, eighteen to bronchitis, thirty-eight to consumption, and fifteen to influenza and complications. According to the statement of the members of the health department the prevailing epidemic is on the decline. There were 1,424 deaths during last week, by far the largest number ever known in a winter month in this city.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Influenza must now be recognized as the subtle pilot of pneumonia and bronchitis. It has already reached 100,000 people of Chicago in one form or another. Where proper care has been taken there have been, with rare exceptions, no serious results. There are now 75,0

ARE YOU INCORPORATED?

An Important Decision handed down by the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court has set the seal of condemnation upon another important case, with the result that many business corporations in the State will be obliged to reorganize...

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health by fifty-three observers in different parts of the State for the week ended on the 4th indicated that scarlet fever, influenza, purpural fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis, inflammation of the brain, diphtheria, membranous croup, cholera infantum and cholera morbus increased, and that measles, typhoid fever, whooping-cough and dysentery decreased in area of prevalence.

The Michigan Masonic Home.

At the annual meeting in Grand Rapids recently the following officers and directors were elected: President, William Dunham; Vice-President, R. J. Searight; Treasurer, Jacob Barth; Secretary, William P. Innes; Directors, for three years, George W. Thompson, E. J. Horton, E. J. Wilson, all of Grand Rapids; William Steele, Ionia; E. D. Wheeler, Manistee; Bruce Goodfellow, Detroit. The association has expended about \$25,000 on the home, which is now inclosed. About \$15,000 more is needed to complete the institution. The membership is about thirty-five hundred.

Walked the Wire.

The other day at Jackson a dog chased a mouse, and the frightened little animal ran up a telegraph pole and then started out on a wire for the next pole, one hundred and sixty feet distant. The wire swung gayly in the breeze, but the trembling traveler hung on and reached the next station in about an hour. He descended the pole, and when he reached the base he was so tired that he allowed himself to be picked up by a spectator.

Important Gold Discoveries.

The diamond drill at the Grayling gold and silver mine cut a vein of gold-bearing quartz at a depth of 400 feet the other night. The discovery is of great importance, inasmuch as it proves the permanency and depth of the argentiferous deposits of the Grayling and adjoining gold mines on the Ishpeming gold range.

Frozen to Death.

Oscar Schlott, of Madison, Wis., was frozen to death near Lake Gogebic a few days ago while walking from the railway station five miles across the country to the lake, where he had been connected with a hotel for several months. He was twenty-one years of age.

Victims of the Detroit School Fire.

Elna Fonda, the sixth victim of the fifteen school fire in Detroit on December 19, died the other night after suffering excruciating pain. Bessie Bamford was at the point of death, and all hopes of George Homer's recovery had been abandoned.

Short but Newsy Items.

Detroit barbers will do no more Sunday work. One of Ludington's aldermen has drawn \$2,000 on the Louisiana lottery. The safe at the Michigan Air Line depot at Romeo was blown open the other night and between \$60 and \$70 taken.

The Patrons of Industry of Davidson have raised \$5,000 to put in a store.

A heavy buffalo overcoat saved Charles Grant from being killed by a drunken stevedore who tried to shoot him at Cayland recently. Mr. Clements has a case of Enoch Arden, only Enoch came home made mad by operations in the mines of British Columbia. An electric railroad is soon to be built between Detroit and Wyandotte. A large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens was held the other evening and organized the Schoolcraft Village Improvement Association. Fifty of the deaf mutes at the institution for the deaf and dumb in Flint were sent to the hospital the other day suffering from the grippe. A graphite mine has been opened at L'Anse.

D. J. Campau, collector of customs for the port of Detroit, appointed under the Cleveland administration, sent in his resignation to the Secretary of the Treasury recently.

The Swede who lately visited Muskegon was a costly visitor, the town paying over \$1,000 for vaccination to protect the people from the robust case of small-pox carried by the Swede. Edward Coggin has been enjoying himself at Flint lately by stealing horses. He has gotten away with three horses, but is now where he will not get many more. He is only nineteen years old. St. Ignace has opened a free reading room under the direction of the W. C. T. U. Amner and Betsy Knapp celebrated the seventieth anniversary of their marriage recently at Grand Rapids. He is ninety-one years old and she eighty-seven, and both were born in New York State. Justice William Stevenson, of Flint, between the times of dealing with criminals has found time within the past twelve years to write four hundred hymns, a large number of which appear in the hymn and gospel singing books used in the United States.

A FAT GRAVEYARD.

The influenza epidemic likely to demonstrate the truth of the Old Saw Relative to a "Green Christmas." The Death Rate Daily Increasing in New York, Due Mostly to Complications Arising from Attacks of La Grippe—Other Cities Furnish Several Victims—Some Distinguished Patients.

New York, Jan. 9.—The returns to the Bureau of Vital Statistics show that 250 deaths occurred in this city for the twenty-four hours ended at noon yesterday. The like of this has never been known in the history of the department since the time of the cholera. The record yesterday is fifteen in excess of that of Tuesday. During the four days of this week 839 people have died in the city of New York. The morgue is crowded to its utmost capacity. The reports from Bellevue Hospital to the central office showed that ninety bodies, the greatest number in the history of that institution, were there awaiting removal. Of the deaths recorded Wednesday 147 were due to diseases of which the grip was the origin or direct forerunner. This is the score: Pneumonia, 60; consumption, 42; bronchitis, 25; influenza, 4; influenza, complicated with other diseases, 17.

The stock of antipyrine has entirely given out. The drug is made in Germany. Since the influenza epidemic began the demand for the drug has so largely increased that the supply has become exhausted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—It is reported that there are at least 20,000 cases of influenza here. Secretary Windom was obliged to leave work Wednesday afternoon, owing to the disease. Private Secretary Halford, the Miss Sanger, stenographer, and two other White House clerks are down with it. The President himself has some symptoms of it, although his physician says his trouble is only a bad cold.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.—John McArthur, Jr., a distinguished architect and designer of public buildings here, died Wednesday from a complication of diseases, superinduced by influenza. He was an architect in the employ of the War Department during the war, and afterward of the Navy Department, and had charge of the construction of hospitals at the Philippines, Maro Island, California and Annapolis navy-yards.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 9.—La grippe has caused two deaths here. Many persons are ill, and a number of business houses report two-thirds of their force laid up and business is suffering.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 9.—Sir John Macdonald is confined to his house with a severe attack of influenza.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 9.—Isaac B. Willis, senior member of the millinery firm of Willis & Dunham, of this city, died Wednesday morning at the Hotel Ryan, in St. Paul. The death was caused by pneumonia as the result of influenza.

There are thousands of cases of la grippe in the Twin Cities. There have been some deaths where the patient had the influenza, but the fatal termination has in every case been ascribed to other causes. The doctors believe that the best treatment consists in careful dieting and perfect quiet.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 9.—The influenza epidemic continues to spread despite the predictions of physicians that it had reached its limit. There were several deaths during the first week in January, more than double what they were during the corresponding week last year. Public offices and business houses are being run with greatly reduced forces.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 9.—The grip, or epidemic influenza, is assuming alarming proportions in this city. At least one-third of the population is either down with the disease or are showing signs of soon falling victims. The first death from influenza reported in Milwaukee is that of Joseph Phelan, a grocer. Mr. Phelan was taken with the disease about eight days ago and it soon developed into pneumonia, from which he died Wednesday morning. The railroads have a large proportion of their clerks down with the disease, and even the high officials are not exempt.

PARIS, Jan. 9.—M. Pasteur said Wednesday that if people quit smoking tobacco and smoked camphor instead they would escape the influenza.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—At Dover and Aldershot the influenza is very severe among British troops. There are 500,000 cases at Vienna.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The influenza epidemic in this city is decreasing, but is extending into the provinces. Prince George, the second son, and Princess Victoria, the second daughter of the Prince and Princess of Wales, have been attacked with the disease.

NOTES OF THE EPIDEMIC. Deaths from influenza are reported from La Crosse and at Atkinson, Wis. Westland Marston, the poet and dramatist, has died of influenza at London. Five hundred thousand Viennese, or 42 per cent of the city, are down with influenza. A dozen cases of influenza are being treated by the physicians of Shelbyville, Ill. Sioux Falls, S. D., has 300 cases of la grippe. There are about 800 cases in the State. Influenza has reached Gatesburg, Ill., where a number of railroad men are down with the disease.

There are several hundred cases of influenza in Duluth, Minn. There was one death Wednesday from pneumonia, the result of influenza. A doctor at the State Normal (Pa.) school reports that his teachers are suffering with the malady. The doctors say there are about twenty genuine cases in town.

The Western Union Losses by Fire. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 9.—The Western Union Telegraph Company's building at the corner of Olive and Third streets, was burned yesterday morning. There was no loss of life, but many of the operators had narrow escapes. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Death of Ex-Governor Woods, of Oregon. PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 9.—Ex-Governor George L. Woods died Wednesday aged 58. The deceased moved to Oregon in 1844 and was elected Governor in 1866. In 1871 he was appointed Governor of Utah. Since 1875 he has been practicing law.

Heavy Failure in Chicago. CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—The big dry-goods house of F. R. Lawlor, at 123 and 124 Wabash avenue, was closed yesterday by the sheriff under confessions of judgment aggregating \$43,760.70. It is believed in commercial circles that the failure will show liabilities of over \$100,000, with assets of about half that amount.

Five Men Buried in a Colorado Mine. DENVER, Col., Jan. 9.—Word was received here that a cave-in occurred in the Victor coal mine near Trinidad Wednesday, burying five men. It is believed that all of the men are killed.

A PALACE IN MOURNING.

Death at Berlin of Augusta, Widow of the Late Wilhelm the First, and Dowager Empress of Germany—Influenza the Cause of Her Demise.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Dowager Empress Augusta of Germany died at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the effects of an attack of influenza, from which she had been suffering for several days. The patient, who improved somewhat Monday, had a relapse yesterday morning and her physicians at once decided that her condition was critical. Her respiration was difficult and members of the imperial family were hastily sent for. At 2 o'clock Emperor William and the Empress, with their two oldest sons, Crown Prince William and Prince Frederick, and the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden, son-in-law and daughter respectively of the Dowager Empress, were grouped at her bedside. Count Von Moltke left the palace at noon, much affected at the alarming condition of the Dowager Empress. A large crowd assembled in Unter den Linden before the palace, and much sympathy was shown for the sufferer. The family remained at the bedside until the end. The death of the Dowager Empress was immediately announced to the people.

As the end came the mourners knelt around the bed and the court chaplain offered a prayer and then blessed the remains. The Empress' body is laid upon an open casket and is shrouded with a white mantle. On her right hand is a spray of fifty white roses upon white pillows and her face is wrapped around with a covering of white lace. The absolute peace and repose of her beautiful classical face is like that of a perfect statue. The Reichsanzeiger says the Emperor and the whole imperial family are in the deepest affliction at the sad event. It gives a short biography of the late Empress and concludes as follows:

"The year 1888 was one filled with heavy troubles for her Majesty. The death of her beloved husband, to whom she clung faithfully in all the vicissitudes of life, and the death of her son, all contributed to sadden the last two years of her life. These years she spent principally at Berlin, at the Castle of Babelsberg, at Coblenz, and in Baden, conquering her sorrow by the greatest of her mind, and remaining to the last breath of her life a devoted life, ever active in doing good and relieving distress. The royal house and the country will forever cherish her memory."

(Maria Louisa Catharine Augusta, once Empress of Germany and Queen of Prussia, was born in Weimar, September 30, 1811, and was the daughter of the Grand Duke Charles Frederick of Saxe-Weimar. Her mother was the daughter of Paul I, Emperor of Russia. She was brought up at the court of her grandfather, Charles Augustus, the friend of Goethe, and it was her proudest boast that she was a pupil of the great poet. One of her volumes of the "many-sided and harmonious culture of the Princess Augusta." Her eldest sister and her married brothers, the former Prince Charles, of Prussia, and the Prince William, afterward King and Emperor. Her marriage occurred on June 11, 1820. Two children were born to them. She was dying for whole life of the patroness of letters, science and art, and, in later years, of many forms of benevolence. She took a great interest during the Franco-Prussian war in the wounded soldiers, and labored incessantly for their relief. In 1872 she founded at Charlottenburg a seminary for the education of the daughters of officers who fell in the war, and designed buildings for the peacemakers in Berlin, after the plan of those of Mr. Peabody in London.

Opposed to Bismarck, who is credited with having bestowed upon her the name of the "Muse of Weimar," she has been suspected of favoring the ultramontanes. This opposition of the Chancellor placed her at the head of the "court" party.)

HILL'S ANNUAL MESSAGE.

New York's Governor Recommends Many Reforms—Does Not Favor Prohibition.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 8.—The annual message of Governor Hill was transmitted to the Legislature yesterday. After referring to the necessity of a provision for the enumeration of the inhabitants of the State he urges the attention of the Legislature to the desirability of some change in the laws relating to elections, and devotes to this subject the major part of the entire message. The present laws, he says, do not reach the two great evils, intimidations and corruption, which attend our elections. The Governor discusses at great length the Australian system, describing its various provisions and features, and recommends the adoption of the secret-compartment system, the general registration of electors throughout the whole State to accompany the secret-compartment system, and provisions for both official and unofficial ballots. In connection with the latter the Governor points out the constitutional objections to an exclusively official ballot, as provided for in the "Saxon" bill. On the subject of prohibition the Governor says he does not believe the people of the State favor the adoption of the prohibition amendment and that this ought not to be passed by the Legislature merely for form's sake or to shirk the responsibility for its defeat. The Governor suggests some new methods of encouraging by every proper means of holding of the World's Fair in New York City. On the subject of finance he says the State is now substantially out of debt.

FLAMES IN A CITY HALL.

The Municipal Building at Lewiston, Me., Burned with All its Contents.

LEWISTON, Me., Jan. 8.—The city building burned Tuesday night. Loss, \$300,000. The building had no insurance on it. The city records are supposed to be safe in the vaults. The municipal companies lose all their equipments, and the 10,000 volumes of the library were destroyed. The mails and Government property stored in the post-office were saved. The fire also destroyed Tracy's block adjoining.

Three Lives Lost.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The poor-house at Kulu, West Prussia, was destroyed by fire Monday. The institution contained a large number of inmates of both sexes, but the authorities by admirable management succeeded in getting all of them out except three, who were perished by smoke and burned to death.

Generous Legislators.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 8.—The Legislature convened Tuesday, and after some discussion the members of both branches voted to give their per diem during the recess to the starving settlers.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

The "West End Big Bug" is the title of a ladies' social club in Allentown, Pa.

A young woman in Atlanta, Ga., recently disguised herself as a man and became engaged to six girls in less than four weeks.

A Michigan man has distributed one hundred tickets to as many women and now will draw a number and will marry the woman holding it.

A West Virginia girl has saved money enough to buy herself a gold watch by trapping muskrats, skunks and other animals and selling their hides.

With a record of having buried thirteen hundred persons, George L. Moore, an aged undertaker of Guthrieville, Chester County, Pa., has at last been laid under the sod himself.

The description of a missing man which was sent to the Columbus (O.) police headquarters contained the statement that he was sixty-five years old and small for his age.

The trial of a colored deacon who was arrested at Wichita, Kan., for stealing coal was advanced on the justice's docket at his request in order that he might fill an engagement to preach on the day originally set for hearing.

One of the good customs established in the little hamlet of Georgetown, Me., is an annual reunion of all the aged people in town. Those of sixty years or more go to the parsonage and spend the day talking over old times, singing old hymns and eating an old-fashioned dinner. The house is always filled with veterans who enjoy their celebration exceedingly.

Dr. Lewis MEISNERHOFF, of Buffalo, a successful physician, died in that city recently, and in his will left \$500 for a funeral feast for his friends, which took place two days after his death. Champagne and oysters were the leading features of the entertainment, and over 500 people took part in the banquet. A free concert was also provided in the programme.

One of the principal merchants of Juneau, Alaska, was in Portland, Ore., the other day. Among other goods he ordered a score or so of coffins, assorted sizes and of the most expensive description. He says the Indians in that section can have nothing too rich and elegant in the coffin line. The finest plush for covering and silver handles and studs thickly bespangled over the coffin are what they want and will have if they put up their last dollar.

Unprecedented. Never before in the history of the United States has there been such a Winter as the present, and never before in its history has the people been so inconvenienced for travel as are now given by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad.

Eight magnificent equipped passenger trains traverse the Empire State daily, arriving at and departing from Grand Central Station, in the very center of 'The American Metropolis.'—New York Times.

SAVE your cash is good advice, and yet it does seem rather funny that men get rich with least delay by saving other people's money.—Merchant Traveler.

Do your clothes last as they used to? If not, you must use a soap or washing powder that rot them. Try the good old-fashioned Dobbins' Electric Soap, perfectly pure to-day as in 1855.

In a society belle considered long when she's appealing for her rights!—Glenn Falls Republican.

FOR COUGHS AND THROAT DISORDERS USE Brown's Bronchial Troches.—Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think of that which I began thinking of in 1871.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes.

An employment bureau may yet be opened in Europe where crowned heads out of a job may find work.—N. O. Picayune.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned gripping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills for their gentle action. A man can't stand everything. One pill a day. Try them.

Whoever undertakes to devour poultry with the thoroughness which it is apt to feed down in the mouth.—Whitehall Times.

The best good medicine is Pisco's Cure for Consumption. Sold everywhere. 25c.

The gas bill comes under the classification of light expenditures.—Washington Capital.

PAIN in the side nearly always comes from a disordered liver and is promptly relieved by Carter's Little Liver Pills. Don't forget this.

WHERE hot rollers are plentiful—in a gas-house.—Boston Herald.

Oldest and best—"Tanall's Punch" Cigar.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods like LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN, RYE, etc. Columns include item names and prices.

LA-GS Schools!

Great public interest is felt in this matter all over the country as one inspiring patriotic pride in the youth of America.

Best BUNTING FLAGS, Upton's Traction for Drill Study, BARD of MILITARY UNIFORMS, G. W. SIMMONS & CO., Oak Hall, Boston.

Totally Helpless. "In May, 1891, I was taken with sciatic rheumatism in my right leg and was confined to my bed entirely helpless. In August I was just able to get up and walk a few steps. I was then moved away. I was relieved to find my friends and neighbors could not help me. I took almost everything, but with no good results. One day, reading about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I was induced to try it. One bottle gave me so much relief that I took two bottles, and since then my health has never been better." Wm. F. Taylor, Republican, Cameron Co., Texas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists. \$1.00 per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apolthonsville, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar.

CATARHIS.

Catarhal Discharge—Hay Fever—A New Home Treatment.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and the nasal tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby Catarrh, Hay Fever and Catarhal Discharge are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient in two weeks.

This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of three cents in stamps to pay postage by A. H. Dixon & Son, cor. of John and King Street, Toronto, Canada.—Christie Avenue, Adelaide.

Sufferers from Catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.

The increasing popular desire for modern conveniences legitimates the belief that the court-room of the future will be supplied with wooden jurors, built in by the contractors.—Washington Post.

Consumption Surely Cured. TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of three cents in stamps to pay postage by A. H. Dixon & Son, cor. of John and King Street, Toronto, Canada.—Christie Avenue, Adelaide.

"It raises your salary" is a style of gaining that most people will submit to without protest.—Merchant Traveler.

Have You Catarrh? There is one remedy you can try without danger of hurting. Send to H. G. Colman, chemist, Kalamazoo, Mich., for trial package of his catarrh cure. His only mode of advertising is by giving it away. Postage 2c. Judge for yourself. Mention this paper.

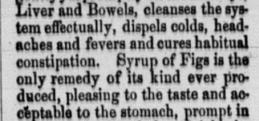
If the choir-singer doesn't get along well it is her own fault. She has her chants in life.—Washington Capital.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers. Mild, equitable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass, stock country in the world. Full information free. Address Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

By their fruits you shall know them; and, therefore, the almanac-makers are known by their dates.

It is the man continually cramped who finds difficulty in keeping his head above water.—Texas Siftings.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ONE ENJOYS Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headache and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. A reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute. CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY. LESSENS PAIN. DIMINISHES DANGER TO LIFE OF "MOTHERS' FRIEND" AND CHILD. BRADFIELD REGULATORY CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SANANION

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP. Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, etc. Sold by all druggists.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR THE CARE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DEGENERATED STATE OF THE LIVER (next to the heart the most important organ of the body), all Bilious and Malarial affections such as Sick Headache, Constipation, Dropsy, etc. Sold by all druggists.

LA-GS Schools!

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Never Say Die!

Scourged with ulcers, boils and sores, with a host of other ailments, I have now grown better.

Not at all poor, discouraged sufferer from disordered blood and scrofulous trouble. Try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great blood-purifying and life-saver of modern days. All those unwholesome sores and blood disorders may be cured, and the victim will look and feel like a new man. It is warranted to benefit or cure or money paid for it promptly returned.

Perfection is attained in Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It cures the worst cases. Two of the wealthiest men in the West are said to have been messenger boys. It pays to go slow, after all.—Cook's Statesman.

What Cures You?

Do you suffer from a dull, heavy pain or oppression in the stomach shortly after eating, accompanied by a formation of gas and a belching of wind? Does your stomach become tender or painful under pressure, and feel cold, as if it contained a lump of ice, or one was being held against it? Is your breath offensive, and do you experience an ugly, bitter, slimy taste in the mouth, especially in the morning? Do you often have headaches, and are you troubled with dizziness at times? Do you suffer from palpitation, or a trembling or fluttering sensation in the region of the heart? Do you suffer from constipation? Do you feel dull, languid, listless, and low-spirited, or hypochondriacal? Are you easily fatigued and disinclined to take exercise? Do you suffer from drowsiness after meals, and is your sleep unrefreshing? If you have all or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from what is usually misunderstood and taken to be dyspepsia, but which is really

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.

In some cases the skin becomes hot and dry, particularly the feet and hands; in others, again, the feet and hands are cold, and there is great heat in the body and head. Sometimes there are sharp pains, front and back, under the shoulders, and there may be chronic diarrhea. The tongue is usually coated, and often there is nausea and vomiting after meals. The appetite is variable, generally poor, and there is often an excessive flow of saliva. The patient suffers from an increased fever during the night, frequently perspires while asleep and is troubled with "heartburn." Generally the face is flushed or the skin becomes sallow, and sometimes there is a dry, hacking cough, while the voice is hoarse and husky.

Not all of the foregoing symptoms are present in every case. The more complicated the disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. Generally the liver is torpid and many times the kidneys more or less involved.

It is in the cure of this distressing malady that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has acquired world-wide fame. No matter what stage the disease has reached, it will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. One or two of Dr. Pierce's Pellets taken with the "Discovery" will add to its efficacy in case the liver is very torpid and the bowels constipated.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine guaranteed to benefit or cure in every case of Catarrh of the Stomach, or money paid for it will be promptly refunded. The "Discovery" acts specifically upon the affected lining membrane of the stomach, subduing the morbid conditions existing therein and preventing their degenerating into ulceration or possibly cancerous disease. It contains no alcohol to inebriate; no sugar or syrup to ferment and further derange digestion. As wonderful in its curative results as it is peculiar in its chemical composition. It stands alone—uncomparable as a remedy for the above described, distressing and dangerous malady which afflicts so many of our people in all stations of life.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Manufacturers, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

\$500 OFFERED

For an incurable case of Catarrh of the Head by the proprietors of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY. SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; eyes weak, tingling in ears, deafness, difficulty of clearing throat, expectoration of offensive mucus; breath offensive, smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once. Thousands of cases result in consumption and death in the great majority of instances. Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

PISCO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By Druggists.

A Planter's Experience.

My plantation is in a malarial district. My negroes never get ague prevented. I employ 150 hands; frequently half of them were sick. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of

Tutt's Pills

The result was marvellous. My men have never suffered from ague, and I have had no further trouble. With these pills, I would not fear to live in any swampy place. Sold Everywhere. Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

THIS IS THE CLASP

wherever found, That holds the Roll on which is wound The Braid that is known the world around.

EPPE'S COCOA

MADE WITH BOILING WATER. GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. MADE WITH BOILING MILK. Established in 1836. ALWAYS RELIABLE.

MACKENZIE'S COMPOUND LIVER PILLS!

For the cure of all diseases arising from a degenerated state

CONTINUED

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

THE Great Slaughter Sale OF Clothing, Boots & Shoes.

The prices we make move the Overcoats no matter how mild the weather is. They are bound to go. Only about one hundred left, so come early. Not one coat reserved. They all go at just 2-3 the regular price. Every overcoat sold means a loss to us, but we prefer to lose by selling now rather than lose by carrying the goods over.

\$34.00 Overcoats for \$14.00
\$24.00 Overcoats for \$12.00
\$18.00 Overcoats for \$8.00
\$15.00 Overcoats for \$10.00
\$12.00 Overcoats for \$8.00
\$10.00 Overcoats for \$6.00
\$8.00 Overcoats for \$5.00
\$6.00 Overcoats for \$4.00
\$4.00 Overcoats for \$3.00
\$2.00 Overcoats for \$1.50
7.00 Heavier coats and vests for \$4.00

During this time you can buy any suit or odd pants in the house for 3-4 the regular price. Prices reduced on all Boots and Shoes. Remember we handle no humbug goods, nor do we make any humbug special sale.

Yours, etc.,

W.P. SCHENK,

Corner Main and Middle Streets.

REMOVAL!

About February 1st, 1890, the Standard Drug and Grocery House will remove to the new store, corner Main and Park streets, which is being especially fitted up for this business.

Until then, we will be glad to see you at Fletcher's old stand, believing that we can sell you goods that will please you, even if the prices seem a little high.

Yours

WM. EMMERT L. & A. WINANS

Dealers in

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY.

Repairing a Specialty.

New Goods. Low Prices.

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS.

Market Report.

Roller Patent, per hundred	\$2.80
Housekeepers Delight, per hundred	2.50
Superior, per hundred	1.75
Corn Meal, bolted, per hundred	1.50
Corn Meal, coarse, per hundred	1.25
Feed, corn and oats, per ton	18.00
Bran, per ton	12.00

Corrected weekly by

COOPER & WOOD

Local and Business Pointers.

Philip Keusch is on the sick list. Have you tried Glazier's 12 1/2c teas. For sale—Five hives of bees, inquire of Mrs. Hinkley. Ladies it will be the best investment you can make to buy your fine shoes during the month of January, of B. Parker, his low prices are an object.

1000 toothpicks for 5 cents at Glazier's. Go to Hoag & Holmes' hardware store to get your saws filed. Work warranted. 4 1/2 pounds crackers for 25c at Glazier's. House and lot for sale or rent, enquire of U. H. Townsend, Chelsea, Mich.

Red-hot bargains stare you in the face at Glazier's.

Chas. Vogel, of Ann Arbor, was in town Tuesday.

\$2.25 buys a D. S. veal calf shoe, at B. Parker. A regular \$3.00 shoe.

Saws filed on short notice at Hoag & Holmes' hardware store. Remember that every saw filed is warranted. n20.

Mrs. Frank Nelson who has been quite ill is now better.

Mr. Emmert says that "Glazier sells groceries cheaper—cheaper perhaps than any other house in the country."

There are now 130 telephones in use in Ann Arbor, and new members are being added constantly.

The fellow who was caught sealing ice said he was only taking cold. He is something like the fellow caught in the act of "hooking" a pocket knife at Glazier's. Both were cases of cold steel.

\$1.00 buys a button off grain shoe for ladies and Misses, a shoe well worth \$1.75 at B. Parker.

Daniel Schnittman is quite ill with inflammation of the lungs.

As surely as you can always find "sympathy" in the dictionary, so surely you can always find bargains at Glazier's.

Private card parties are quite fashionable among the gents of Unadilla.

People who have tried Glazier's bargains cry for more, like Oliver Twist. Jackson had more arrests last month than Ann Arbor has in two years.

Let others do the haggling, Glazier, the Druggist, makes the bargains.

The Grass Lake bank has \$54,000 deposits.

Prescriptions promptly put up with pure drugs at half price, by Glazier, the Druggist.

22 cents buys a ladies rubber, at B. Parker.

Born, Jan. 6th, 1890, to Mr. and Mrs. David Blitch, a daughter.

Glazier's 25c fine cut is a trade winner.

Lewis P. Klein is slowly recovering from his recent severe illness.

A good motto for the new year. Trust in providence, keep your powder dry, and buy your goods of Glazier, the Druggist.

Fred Canfield and Ed. Chandler, two of our draymen, are on the sick list.

You who have saved money by trading with Glazier, the Druggist, trade some more and save money.

Lieut. Baker lectured at the town hall Wednesday evening to a fair house.

Glazier's 40c syrup and molasses are hummers.

The Pinckney Dispatch has entered upon its eighth year, as bright and new as ever.

Roller skaters are enjoying the rink again at Dexter.

Do you drink Glazier's 23 cent roasted coffee? If not, why not?

The work of raising flags should not stop with the villages, but should extend to every school in the county.

20 lbs. brown sugar for \$1.00 at Glazier's.

Editor Smith, of the Milan Leader, has been wrestling with the la grippe, but is now out of danger.

Yeast cakes 3c per paper at Glazier's. Starch and Saleratus 5c per package at Glazier's.

Manchester boasts of two chimney sweeps.

Best dried beef 8c per pound at Glazier's.

Choice salmon 15c per pound at Glazier's.

W. J. Dancer, of Stockbridge, had a bogus \$20 gold piece passed upon him recently.

15 pounds new prunes for \$1.00 at Glazier's.

15 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00 at Glazier's.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Staebler and family extend their thanks to all those people who so kindly assisted them in their deep affliction, and especially to the Ministers and choir who so kindly assisted in the funeral service.

Francisco.

Mrs. Osterle, who has been quite sick, is now better.

Farmers are now busy repairing and building fences.

Mr. C. Weber, of Whitmore Lake, visited relatives here Sunday.

A lively time was had at the Aycock last Saturday evening.

Quarterly meeting was held at the M. E. church last Sunday, by Elder H. F. H. of Lansing.

Mrs. McLaren, of Lima, and Mr. and Mrs. Kirkby, of Jackson, visited relatives here last Sunday.

Mr. H. Lehman will work the farm now occupied by his brother, Mat., who has bought a farm near Stockbridge.

Obituary—Mrs. S. A. Bolles.

We copy the following from the Adrian Daily Times and Express. Mrs. S. A. Bolles, who died suddenly at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. N. King, on Saturday morning, had been in feeble health for nearly five years. She was born in the state of New York, Feb. 27, 1815, and was nearly 75 years of age.

Her former home was Chelsea, Mich., where she had resided for about fifty years. She was among the earliest settlers of that vicinity, and in 1838 was united in marriage to Frederick A. Bolles, who had purchased land from the government and located one and a half miles north of the village of Chelsea, where they both resided until the death of her husband, in the year 1868.

She is survived by four of her six children, viz: J. E. Bolles, of Detroit; Mrs. C. H. Barnes, of Toledo; Mrs. C. A. Grieb, of Webberville, and Mrs. H. N. King, of Adrian, all of whom are in the city to attend the funeral services, which will be held Tuesday morning at 9.30, at the residence of Capt. H. N. King, 47 Front street.

The remains will be taken to Chelsea, Mich., where her husband and two children are now at rest.

She has been a faithful and consistent member of the M. E. church for about sixty years, and was abundantly prepared and waiting for the call. She died a member of the Broad street M. E. church of this city.

Capt. H. N. King, her son-in-law, returned from Omaha last night to attend the funeral services.

Lima Beans.

Nelson Freer has gone to Jackson to attend school.

Lewis Freer, who has been quite ill for some time is recovering slowly.

Farmers are breaking their wind mills to stand hitched with rope hatters this week.

Some of the grangers have the grip, but don't be afraid they will only give it to one another.

It is rumored that the Hon. J. V. N. Gregory is about to move to Dexter. We shall be sorry to lose him.

Mrs. G. H. Mitchell is in Chelsea this week tending her mother Mrs. Joseph Durand, who we regret to learn is seriously ill.

In a conversation with Dr. Wheeler the other day, we learned that so far, there has been no cases of la grippe reported in Lima.

John Gray, who has been residing on I. M. Whitaker place, has moved back on his own farm. Alex. Millon takes his place on the Whitaker farm.

S. Winslow's horses ran away last Thursday, Jan. 7th, while the hired man was loading wood. A barb wire fence caught them, and one was badly cut.

The Lima Philharmonic Society after a couple of years of innocuous otiosity (we have a new dictionary) are about to renew their weekly "concerts."

The monthly meeting of the Grangers was held last Friday at the home of A. Bach. The next meeting will take place at Walter Dancers, Jan. 31st.

Quite a number of friends and neighbors from here attended the funeral of Miss Minnie Staebler, Otto Lewick and Eddie Bach coming from Ypsilanti to act as pallbearers.

The wind was very boisterous on her last Sunday evening, tipping over fences, fruit trees, etc. Several of our young men, who happened to be out calling, were detained by the violence of the storm (?) till near morning.

"I wish you would rock the baby, Orrin!" "What! I rock the baby for?" "Because he is not very well, and what's more, half of him belongs to you, and you should rock him." "We-I don't half belong to you?" "Yes." "Well you can rock your half and let my half holler."

Markets.

Chelsea, Jan. 15, 1890	
Eggs, per dozen	14c
Butter, per pound	12c
Oats, per bushel	50c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Onions, per bushel	75c
Potatoes, per bushel	8c
Apples, per bushel	35c
Wheat, per bushel	72c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.20

Hibbard's Strengthening and Rheumatism Plasters.

Are a revelation to the world, and are the only genuine rheumatism plasters. Nineteen out of twenty rheumatism plasters require the aid of plaster, areumatic in their nature. A change of weather or sudden draught causes cold, which develops into rheumatism and that kind of rheumatism is incurable. And yet there has never been seen a thing as a diuretic rheumatism and strengthening plaster, and hundreds have died suddenly where rheumatism has attacked the leg, which rheumatism have been saved had this plaster been applied in season. They are constructed on a purely scientific principle, and are purely vegetable. Hummel & Penn, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich.

Hope And Memory.

Why should it be that the misty past, Or the future yet unseen, Is dearer far to the heart, than the present which lies between? With every pulse of the heart's red flow Is woven a dream and a sigh, For the happy days of the long ago, And the glad sweet by and by.

There is a wisdom in nature's way Which the doubting heart ne'er knows; We live the best of our lives each day, From dawn to their sunset close; For bliss we tasted at youthful springs, And the joys which are to be, Are brought each day on the gracious wings Of Hope and Memory.—Ex.

Vick's Floral Guide.

We have received from James Vick, Rochester, N. Y., his Floral Guide, which in beauty of appearance and convenience of arrangements surpasses anything in this line which we have ever had the privilege of seeing before. It is a pamphlet eight by ten inches in size, and with the covers, which are by no means the least important part of it, contains an even one hundred pages, although called a "floral guide," it is devoted to vegetables as well, and includes as full a list and description of both flowers, vegetables and also small fruits as could be brought within the compass of a book of this size.

A Proposition.

I will present to every family, not now a subscriber to the Chelsea HERALD, one years subscription to that paper with any purchase of \$5 worth of goods at the Bank Drug Store. This purchase may include anything in my store from sugar to sugar coated pills.

FRANK P. GLAZIER.

CLOTHESPINS!

New Subscribers.

The following names have been added to our subscription list the past week.

Win H. H. H.	\$1.00
E. A. N. H.	1.00
Albert P. H.	1.00
Edward S. H.	1.00
Johd K. H.	1.00
Emil Z. H.	1.00
Fred W. H.	1.00
Joseph V. H.	1.00
Ray E. H.	1.00
Bert L. H.	1.00
Webster L. H.	1.00
John P. H.	1.00
Sim L. H.	1.00
Albert R. H.	1.00
Larney D. H.	1.00
Warren G. H.	1.00
Ando W. H.	1.00
Harrison H. H.	1.00
Wm S. H.	1.00
Mrs Chas. H.	1.00
J. G. H.	1.00
Fred W. H.	1.00
W. J. H.	1.00
Wm C. H.	1.00
Frank P. H.	1.00
R. A. H.	1.00
David B. H.	1.00
C. D. H.	1.00
Fred L. H.	1.00
Harrison H. H.	1.00
Wm S. H.	1.00
Michael K. H.	1.00
Peter B. H.	1.00
Adam K. H.	1.00
J. L. H.	1.00
Frank B. H.	1.00
J. C. H.	1.00
J. W. H.	1.00
John K. H.	1.00
M. A. H.	1.00
John M. H.	1.00
Thos W. H.	1.00
Adam S. H.	1.00
Mrs M. H.	1.00
Albert F. H.	1.00
Andrew S. H.	1.00
Michael S. H.	1.00
G. S. H.	1.00
Joseph Z. H.	1.00
Joseph P. H.	1.00

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AT THE

Excelsior Bakery!

YOU CAN ALWAYS GET FRESH

BREAD CAKE AND PIES,

Boneless Ham, Pork & Beans, and Cold Meats.

Particular attention given to everything in my line. Your trade is solicited.

WILLIAM CASPARY,

CHELSEA, MICH.

Wmder's old stand v10-37

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Subscribe for the CHELSEA HERALD.

PUT IT THERE!
While we qualify the terms of our constitution for another year.
On Glazier's Part
He promises to protect the interests of customers by providing.
The best goods.
The newest goods.
The cheapest good.
To all persons alike, regardless of age sex or condition. He expects on your part.

Your Continued Patronage

Just so long as you find that

GLAZIER

GIVES YOU MORE,

AND

TREATS YOU

BETTER

THAN ANY OTHER

DEALER.

Verily, merrily, more and more, it pays to trade at

Glazier's Store.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

I take great pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity that I have moved my barber shop to the old stand of Frank Shaver, where I will be found at all times, to wait on all who may favor me with a call. Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage. v12-31

GEO. EDER, Prop.

THE "PALACE"

Barber Shop & Bath Rooms.

Chelsea, Michigan.

Ladies' hair cut in the latest style.

CRAWFORD & RIEMENSCHNEIDER.

First door south of Chelsea House.

AUCTIONEER.

GEO. E. DAVIS.

Chelsea, Mich.

Orders by telephone or otherwise from any part of the state promptly filled.

Terms reasonable. Office in W. J. Knapp's Hardware. v18-7

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STEPHEN PRATT'S

STEAM BOILER WORKS.

(Established 1865.)

Manufacturers of High and Low Pressure and Steam Heating Boilers of all kinds, smoke pipes, branchings, etc. Old boilers taken in exchange for new. Rivets, boiler plates, and boiler tubes for sale. Or, Foundry st. and Mich. Cent'l R. R. tracks, DETROIT, MICH. v19-30

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CLOTHESPINS!

Wmder's old stand v10-37

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

1st Train 7:00 A. M. 10:58 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 6:10 P. M.
Evening Express 9:57 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express 5:27 A. M.
Atlantic Express 7:10 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 10:15 A. M.
Mail Train 4:17 P. M.

—Daily except Sunday. —Daily except Saturday. —Daily.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent.

J. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger Ticket Agent, Chicago.

CLOTHESPINS!

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This fall by canvassing for the

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An energetic agent wanted at every post office to whom a good cash commission will be paid. References required. Make application at once for outfit and go to work early.

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